

The documentmetadata-support code^{*}

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1 Introduction

The kernel command `\DocumentMetadata`, which can be used as the very first declaration in a document (i.e., before `\documentclass`), defines metadata and other configuration data that applies to the document as a whole (using a key/value syntax). It loads and activates the PDF management code from the `pdfmanagement` package and loads and activates code currently stored in latex-lab modules needed for various features developed as part of the multi-year “Tagged PDF” project. [1]

While the underlying functionality is still under development (e.g., further keys will be added over time and keys marked temporary may vanish again) the code for `\DocumentMetadata` is placed in a separate bundle, so that it is easier to update it without the need to build a full L^AT_EX release. Over time the functionality will move fully into the kernel.

As the loading of the PDF management forces the loading of the `l3backend` files, a backend that can’t be detected automatically like `dvipdfmx`, must be set in the first `\DocumentMetadata`.

From a process perspective `\DocumentMetadata` loads the `pdfmanagement` code and the latex-lab modules the first time it is called and then redefines itself to error if called more than once. In particular, this means that a document without a `\DocumentMetadata` declaration has no code available for extended management of PDF output and for tagging support.

2 The `\DocumentMetadata` command

<code>\DocumentMetadata</code>	<code>\DocumentMetadata{<key-value list>}</code>
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The command should be used as the first command in a document, before `\documentclass`. It takes a key-value argument.

Starting with the release 2025-11-01 `\DocumentMetadata` will always load the new modules which changes L^AT_EX internals and add tagging support code.

For documents that want to load the PDF management but do not want the new tagging support code we provide a dedicated package. Such documents should replace

```
\DocumentMetadata{pdfversion=1.7,  
pdfstandard=a-3b}
```

^{*}This file has version 1.1f dated 2026-10-20, © L^AT_EX Project.

by

```
\RequirePackage{pdfmanagement}  
\SetKeys[document/metadata]{pdfversion=1.7,  
pdfstandard=a-3b}
```

Currently the modules loaded by `\DocumentMetadata` are the following. Details and documentation can be found in the various `latex-lab-⟨module⟩.pdf`:

names This module declares tag names for the structures.

new-or-2 This module changes output routine sockets and adds support for the paragraph tagging. It also loads the new footnote code.

block This module reimplements lists and blocks environments and adds tagging support.

context This module provides context for template instances and code that needs to know where and when it is executed.

sec,sec-template These modules reimplement heading commands and make them tagging aware.

template This module contains code extending `lttemplate.dtx`. Once fully tested it will be moved to the kernel file.

toc This module adapts commands related to the table of contents and similar lists to make them tagging aware.

minipage This module adds tagging support to `minipage` and `\parbox`.

graphic This module enables tagging support for the `\includegraphics` command and the `picture` environment.

float This module adds tagging support to floats.

bib This module adds tagging support to citations and bibliographies.

text This module adds tagging support to small text commands like the L^AT_EX logo, the `\emph` command and super and sub scripts.

marginpar This module adds tagging support to the `\marginpar` command.

title This module adds tagging support to the `\maketitle` command if a standard class is used. It also enhances the `\title` and `\author` commands to fill the XMP-metadata and set the window title. It is not compatible with packages and classes which redefine these commands too.

table This module provides tagging for `tabular`, `longtable` and similar table environments. Its use and restrictions are documented in `latex-lab-table.pdf`.

math This module adapts math for tagging.

firstaid This module contains small adjustments to external packages.

tikz This module adds support for the `tikz` package.

3 Keys and values

Currently the following keys are implemented for `\DocumentMetadata`:

backend Passes the backend name to `expl3`. This is needed only if the correct backend can't be automatically determined or if the workflow requires a special backend.

pdfversion Sets the PDF version explicitly, e.g., `pdfversion=1.7`. The key definition is in the `pdfmanagement` in `l3pdfmeta`.

uncompress (no value) Forces an uncompressed pdf — mainly for debugging purposes. Do not unnecessarily set it in normal production because it increases the size of the final PDF considerably.

language The language key should be used to set the main language of the document. The value is given in BCP 47 format, so, e.g., `language=de-DE` or `language=fr`. The value is stored in the document properties and can be retrieved (expandably) with `\GetDocumentProperty{document/language}`.

The key does *not* change the language setup of a document: it doesn't change the hyphenation patterns or the fix names or forces the loading of a language package. The expectation is that packages that need to know the document language, like `babel` or `polyglossia`, read the value and react accordingly. The BCP 47 value can, for example, be parsed with `\text_bcp_parse:n` which produces 7 brace groups, see `interface3`. To extract, for example, the main language in the first group this code could be used:

```
\cs_generate_variant:Nn\text_bcp_parse:n{e}
\tl_if_empty:eTF { \GetDocumentProperty{document/language} }
{
  % other code to set the main language
}
{
  \tl_set:N\mainlanguage
  {\exp_last_unbraced:N\use_i:nnnnnnn
   {\text_bcp_parse:e{\GetDocumentProperty{document/language}}}}
}
```

Note that `\text_bcp_parse:e` will error if the argument is empty so it is necessary to test this case.

The key updates the default `\BCPdata` command to use with the given language value. Note that this can lead to empty fields for region or script, if, e.g., only `language=de` instead of `language=de-Latn-AT` is used. This is only relevant if neither `babel` nor `polyglossia` are used as both packages overwrite the `\BCPdata` command with their own version.

The value of the `language` key is also used to set the `/Lang` key in the PDF. If a different (shorter) value is wanted there, an optional argument can be used: `language=[de]{de-DE}`, or the `lang` key can be used to overwrite the value: `language=de-DE,lang=de`.

other-languages The `other-languages` key can be used to declare more languages that are used in the document. The argument is a comma list of languages

in BCP 47 format: `other-languages={fr,en-US,ar}`. The comma list is stored in the document properties and can be retrieved (expandably) with `\GetDocumentProperty{document/other-languages}`. As with the `language` key, the expectation is that language packages read the value and react accordingly.

lang Explicitly sets the Lang entry in the Catalog, e.g., `lang=de-DE`. If not given, the value of `\BCPdata{language}` or `\BCPdata{main.language}` at the beginning of the document is used (these commands are set by `babel`, the default value is `en-US`). The key is implicitly set if the `language` key is used.

pdfstandard Choice key to set the pdf standard. Currently A-1b, A-2a, A-2b, A-2u, A-3a, A-3b, A-3u, A-4, A-4E and A-4F are accepted as A-standard. values. The casing is irrelevant, `a-1b` works too. Note that using this key doesn't mean that the document actually follows the standard. $\LaTeX$ can neither ensure nor check all requirements of a standard, and not everything it can do theoretically has already been implemented. When setting an A-standard a color profile is included and the `/OutputIntent` is set and any javascript action in hyperref are suppressed. The `u` variants do not enforce unicode, but they will pass the information to hyperref. The `a` variants do *not* enforce (or even test) a tagged pdf yet.

Beside the A-standards it is also possible to use the values X-4, X-4p, X-5g, X-5n, X-5pg, X-6, X-6n, X-6p for a PDF/X and UA-1 and UA-2 for PDF/UA standard. UA-2 should only be used together with PDF 2.0. Currently these keys set *only* the relevant XMP-metadata. They do not validate or enforce special requirements (e.g., the UA standards do not automatically activate tagging).

`pdfstandard` can be used more than once to set overlapping standards, e.g: `pdfstandard=A-2b,pdfstandard=X-4,pdfstandard=UA-1`. It is also possible to pass a list like `pdfstandard={UA-2,A-4F}`.

If XMP-metadata are added (see the following key `xmp`) the necessary conformance markers for the standards are set.

Standards can require some minimal or maximal PDF version and the keys will try to adjust the PDF version as necessary. At the beginning of the document the versions are checked again, and a warning is issued if the PDF version and standard conflict.

The key is defined in the pdfmanagement in `l3pdfmeta` and more information can be found in the documentation.

xmp A boolean, if set to false no XMP metadata are added to the PDF. The initial value is true. Details are described in the documentation of `l3pdfmeta`.

colorprofiles This allows to load icc-colorprofiles. Details are described in the documentation of `l3pdfmeta`.

tagging This key allows to activate, deactivate or partially deactivate the tagging support. It accepts the three values `on`, `off` and `draft`. The `tagpdf` package and all standard modules of the tagging support are loaded regardless of the use and the value of the key!

- `tagging=on` activates tagging.

- **tagging=off** deactivates in the `class/before` hook the tagging commands, including the `\tagpdfsetup` command. It also deactivates the use of real space chars. This can be reactivated by using `tagging-setup={activate/spaces}`.
- **tagging=draft** leaves the tagging commands active but it deactivates the writing of the structure tree at the end of the compilation. This can save time when drafting a longer document but preserves, e.g., MC-content marker in the PDF stream and warnings and errors from `tagpdf` if the structure is faulty.

tagging-setup This key allows to configure the tagging. It accepts all keys that can also be used in `\tagpdfsetup`; see the `tagpdf` documentation. Additionally, it accepts two keys to extend the list of modules loaded:

modules This key previously allowed to change the list of modules. Starting with the release 2025-11-01 all standard modules are loaded always, so its only use is to load a non-standard module, e.g. `modules=verbatim-af` will load an experimental module changing the verbatim tagging.

extra-modules This key allows to load non-standard modules and starting with the release 2025-11-01 it is an alias of `modules`.

check-tagging-status This key is provided to help to identify packages that are potentially problematic when used with the tagging code. When used (with no value or with the value `listfiles`), it reads the file `latex-tagging-status.ltx` from the `latex-tagging-status` package and then writes at the end of the compilation a report about the compatibility of the class and the packages with the tagging project. It follows the classification done at <https://latex3.github.io/tagging-project/tagging-status>.

This is only a rough overview and a debugging aid, not a final report! Using packages that are classified as incompatible or partially incompatible does not mean that the tagging is necessarily broken. For example, `hyperref` is partially incompatible as the form fields are not properly tagged (this requires the use of the `l3pdffield` package), but in documents without form fields it is unproblematic. (In case of partially-compatible or incompatible packages check the table at <https://latex3.github.io/tagging-project/tagging-status> as it often contains an explanation what is not yet working.)

The package `latex-tagging-status` will be regularly updated to reflect changes in package compatibility. Erroneous messages should be reported at <https://github.com/latex3/tagging-project/issues>. It is also possible to create a pull request which updates the data.

testphase This key loaded in older L^AT_EX versions specific sets of modules from the `testphase` code. Starting with the release 2025-11-01 all standard modules are loaded automatically by `\DocumentMetadata` and with this change the key lost most of its original purpose. The values `phase-I`, `phase-II`, `phase-III` of the `testphase` key will no longer load different code variants but only activate tagging. The key can still be used to load additional experimental modules, it then works similar to the `modules` and `extra-modules` key and does not automatically activate tagging.

debug This key activates some debug options. It takes a list of key-values as value. Currently the following keys are known:

para with the default and only value **show**. It will activate the **debug/show=para** option of **tagpdf**;

log with the values as described in the documentation of **tagpdf**;

uncompress which does the same as **uncompress** as main key;

pdfmanagement a boolean which allows to deactivate the pdfmanagement (deprecated);

firsttaidoff this accepts a comma lists of keywords and disables the patches related to them. More information can be found in the documentation of pdfmanagement-firsttaid;

xmp-export this will export the XMP-metadata to a file `\jobname.xmpi`. With `debug={xmp-export=filename}` the file name can be changed; More information can be found in the documentation of `l3pdfmeta` of the **pdfmanagement-testphase** bundle;

tagpdf This loads the package **tagpdf-debug** which enhances various commands from **tagpdf** with additional debugging options. This can slow down the compilation!

BBox This helps to debug BBox values of graphics, see the documentation of **latex-lab-graphic**.

References

- [1] Frank Mittelbach and Chris Rowley: *L^AT_EX Tagged PDF — A blueprint for a large project*. <https://latex-project.org/publications/indexbyyear/2020/>

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